Neonatal Surgeries

Premature and critically ill newborns may need surgery soon after birth to treat

birth defects or abnormalities. Neonatal surgery is a surgical sub-specialty of pediatric

surgery that consists of the surgical care of newborn infants, especially ill or premature

newborn infants. Neonatal surgeons often perform corrective surgeries, including chest,

abdominal, and urological defects.

When does the treatment start?

Treatment often begins before a baby is born. The Pediatric Surgeons will meet

with expecting families to counsel them about abnormalities that may have been

discovered during a prenatal screening. In some instances, steps can be taken to treat

babies while they are still in the womb, offering them the best chance for a healthy start.

Common congenital (by birth) problems which require surgery are :

Diaphragmatic hernia

• Congenital lung malformations - cysts and sequestrations

Esophageal atresia and tracheoesophageal fistula

Gastroschisis

Omphalocele

• Necrotizing enterocolitis

Intestinal obstruction or atresia

Anorectal malformations

Hirschsprung's disease

When to consult a Pediatric Surgeon?

The moment an abnormality is detected during the antenatal examination /

ultrasound one must consult the pediatric surgeon. Some conditions will require

intervetion immediately after the baby is born. Hence the delivery should be planned in

a hospital with specialised neonatal intensive care unit.

Key Words: Neonate | TEF | Congenital Anomaly | Antenatal scan